
CHANGES IN INDUSTRIALIZATION OF NAVOI REGION

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Annotation: This article discusses the development of industrial enterprises in the formation of the region, as well as the problems and solutions to the cost of production and exports, the concepts of the country aimed at the development of industrial cities.

Development of socio-economic growth of industrial enterprises In a market economy, effective cooperation with foreign investors in the development of each region of the country, active attraction of foreign investment in the economy, production of competitive products on the world market are becoming increasingly important. In order to develop the economy, the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated December 2, 2008 No. PF-4059 "On the establishment of a free industrial and economic zone in Navoi region"¹ expands the region's production sectors, further strengthens the region's production capacity. It was one of the important tasks in the development. Such a large economic and strategic program primarily serves the well-being of our people. One of the first problems after the independence of our country was the special attention paid to the solution of socio-economic problems of the population and on living standards. The reason was the lack of systematic measures of social protection in the Soviet era, which had a negative impact on the lifestyle of the population. Although the country has rich industrial potential, the center has been using it for own purposes. In the case of Navoi region alone, all large industrial enterprises were subordinated directly to the central ministries as industrial enterprises of Union importance, and all products and goods were transported to the center without the consent and control of the Republican leadership. During nearly 30 years of independent development, Uzbekistan has achieved significant results in economic development, investment policy, welfare, GDP growth, employment, modernization of industrial production, currency stability and a number of other indicators. First of all, after independence, the regions are developing in a new way, depending on the broad range of industrial enterprises and the liberalization of prices, the fate of enterprises, entrepreneurship and business of their managers and engineers. Historically, even before the formation of the region, the region was known for mineral wealth, as well as the development of the mining industry, and it was one of the main areas of interest for neighboring countries and Tsarist Russia. In this regard, let us briefly consider the activities and history of the largest industrial enterprises established in the region. After the formation of the USSR, the construction of a mining and metallurgical plant for the center, which aimed to develop the mineral resources in the Kyzylkum region, became the basis for the construction of a new industrial center. One of the first steps in the establishment of the industrial city was the discovery of the largest gold deposit "Muruntau", named "Miracle of the Century" as a result of geological exploration expeditions in all republics, including the Uzbek SSR, to industrialize and restore industries destroyed after World War II. The region has also made a worthy contribution to this area. Only "280 new enterprises were launched in the republic during the Second World War."² On September 3, 1958, in accordance with the decree of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of

¹Presidential Decree on the establishment of a free industrial and economic zone in Navoi region // People's speech. December 4, 2008

² K.Sanakulov, H.Raupov, O.Hayitova History of mining and metallurgy in Uzbekistan Mashhur-Press, 2019.-B 182

Uzbekistan, the construction of the territory of Karmana district was started³. In 1957, the Moscow State Institute named after Giproggor developed a plan to build a new industrial city in the Karmana district of Bukhara region⁴. Later, the establishment of new industrial enterprises in the region created industrialized urban settlements. As a result, there is a need to build housing estates and transport communications in the city.

The expansion of the city had to take into account the need for production personnel and a number of related social problems. New labor force of different nationalities and ethnicities began to flow into the city from different parts of the country.

As a result, small settlements were initially created in the area to accommodate a number of people who lived not far from each other. Therefore, before the independence of Uzbekistan, the socio-economic, cultural and educational life of Navoi was adapted to the interests of the center and increased unilaterally. As a result of the disintegration of the union, a number of leading specialists operating in industrial cities also began to move out of the regions, creating a number of problems in production. Even without it, there were no joint economic agreements, most of which had just gained independence, and even those who did not know the country I called Uzbekistan, did not recognize an independence. In such a situation, the first President I.A Karimov visited Zarafshan in October 1991 and organized face-to-face talks with workers, drawing their attention to the issues of improving their socio-economic living conditions. To further increase the effectiveness of socio-economic reforms, to create conditions for socio-economic support of the population in the state and society, to modernize the country, a number of priorities have been identified in all areas of production. Of course, the expansion of industrial enterprises, the organization of the labor market and the increase an efficiency in the production process is not a task in itself. During the years of independence, changes in the socio-economic and cultural spheres have been the result of large-scale reforms that have radically changed the life of society and laid the foundation for a process of significant renewal. Improving the welfare of the people is the main goal of economic and social reforms set by the President of the Republic today. Over the past short period, many reforms have been carried out and are being implemented to boost the country's economy and improve the living standards of the population. To solve these problems, the implementation of projects and innovations through several decrees today is one of the important signs of economic development. Special attention is paid to the economic and social spheres in the priority tasks of the "Strategy of Actions for 2017-2021". Navoi region, one of the youngest industrial centers of the country, which makes a significant contribution to the industry of the country, is famous not only in our country, but also in many countries around the world for a rich ancient history, economic potential, large-scale mining, especially powerful gold mining. Further development of the manufacturing sector, equipping with new technologies, as well as creating new jobs for the local population. "In particular, metalurgical combine of Navoi is the largest industry in the region, will gradually implement about 30 major investment projects worth more than \$ 3 billion and create more than 30,000 vacancies under the program until 2026⁵. This will further develop the country's economic reforms and opportunities for the development of ongoing socio-economic infrastructure. Today, the role of Navoi Mining and Metallurgical Combine in the production of large mining areas in 7 regions of the country, such as Navoi, Samarkand, Jizzakh, Surkhandarya, Bukhara, Khorezm, Karakalpakstan, and has a positive impact on the development of socio-economic life.

³ Navoi regional state archive. 3 - stock, 24 - list, 53 - work, 25 - sheet

⁴ Rizaev S.R. Navoi gorno-metallurgical (Essays on the history of noveyshiy). - Tashkent: Shark, 2008. -S.136.

⁵ Mirziyoev Sh.M. The work of a nation with a great intention will also be great, its life will be bright and its future will be prosperous. Uzbekistan n. 2019.- B.365.

Changes in industry in recent years Expansion of production in the country If we pay attention to the analysis of the export of competitive products to the world market, we can see that the region's exports are developing in the first 8 months of 2020, according to the Customs Administration.

No	Countries to which the product is exported	mln. in dollar terms
1	Canada	\$ 78 million
2	France	\$ 71 million
3	China	\$ 26.6 million
4	Russia	\$ 22.4 million

If we compare, the volume of exports increased by 24.3% compared to the same period in 2019, which is reflected in the fact that the development of modern industrial enterprises in the region contributes to the development of the country.

The promulgation of the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on May 15, 2019 "On measures to establish Navoi region as a free economic zone for innovative, high-tech, export-oriented and import-substituting industries" defined new concepts for manufacturing enterprises in the region . As a result, the fact that a significant part of the population of the country is engaged in agriculture, in recent years has increased the demand for agricultural products, which allowed to expand the production sector. The need for mineral fertilizers for agricultural products is the largest giant complex in the region with a project cost of 985.7 million with the leading enterprises of the modern world, established in Navoiyazot in collaboration with a consortium of Japanese companies. Today, the complex has more than 70 different shops, which supply more than 70 products for the domestic market. "This year, 197 large, thousands of small and medium enterprises and infrastructure facilities have been built in the country. In particular, the launch of the ammonia and urea production complex and the nitric acid plant at Navoiyazot , along with the supply of basic mineral fertilizers to agriculture, also produces competitive expert products for the world market. Now, on the other side of the issue, as the production capacity increases, one of the main problems affecting the social life of the population and the environment is the environmental problem, which also poses a threat to human health. To prevent this, the outdated laboratory, which is taking samples from the atmosphere, has been re-equipped with new technologies, and the emissions of harmful chemicals into the atmosphere have been significantly reduced compared to the original situation. For example, in 1980, the amount of harmful substances released into the environment from the region amounted to 20.8 thousand tons, and in 2018 this figure was reduced to 6.6 thousand tons. In recent years, special attention is paid to solving environmental problems, landscaping.

It is also necessary to pay attention to the issues of waste management, training of specialists in industrial ecology in higher education institutions in the region. In the region, we can see that in recent years, the construction of enterprises with great potential and the development of their potential in industrial development is developing, but also the activities of small enterprises with a small appearance in production are expanding. In particular, it is important to identify leading industries with competitive advantages that ensure sustainable economic growth, scientific and methodological justification for their development in other areas in the region, the application of best practices, innovative methods and models in world practice.

We have found it necessary to cite the following tasks as one of the main tasks to be studied in relation to the areas of industrial enterprises today and to solve them as a problem.

- Attracting modern technologies to the economy;
- stimulating exports and thereby ensuring and increasing foreign exchange earnings;

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- employment of the population;
 - -creation of working and leisure conditions for employees of the enterprise in the newly created industrial zones;
 - addressing issues of social protection of workers;
 - formation and development of modern infrastructure;
 - Acceleration of modern technical and technological development of industrial enterprises lagging behind;
 - -delivery of competitive products to the world market.
 - have international experience in the field of management and modern international entrepreneurship;

For this reason, one of the most pressing issues today is the formation of an economic development strategy aimed at the effective use of existing economic potential in the region, the search for new factors that provide modern high-level production opportunities